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Danciama October 2024

Key Insights:





India's low unemployment rate conceals the poor quality of job creation

- India's unemployment rate has remained steady at 3.2% in 2023-24
- The workforce has shifted from casual labour to helpers in household enterprises, with no improvement in better-paid and more productive salaried jobs
- Female labour force participation has improved mainly due to higher participation in agriculture activities



India witnesses a surge in primary market activity – Mainboard & SME IPOs, QIPs etc.

- In H1FY25, IPOs have raised close to 80% of the total capital raised in FY24
- India ranks 1st globally in the total number of IPOs and 2nd in terms of the capital raised during Jan-Sep 2024
- Qualified institutional placements also witness a significant increase in H1FY25



Markets have turned defensive in the September quarter on account of rich valuations

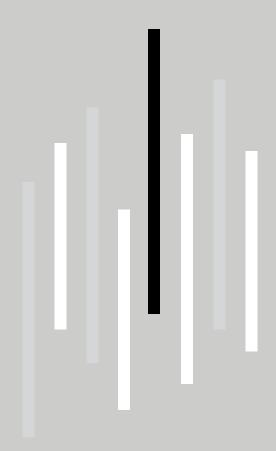
- Defensive sectors have outperformed cyclical sectors in the September quarter
- Defensive stocks are less exposed to domestic cyclicality and are available at comparatively better valuations
- Analysts have reduced 'buy' calls to the lowest level in at least a decade



India witnesses heavy FPI outflows after China announces stimulus measures

- China's stimulus is aimed at improving consumer confidence and halting the decline in real estate prices
- Structural issues such as high debt, an ageing population, and a low fertility rate remain unaddressed
- Hence, China may present a tactical opportunity but not a suitable long-term investment

India Employment Trends

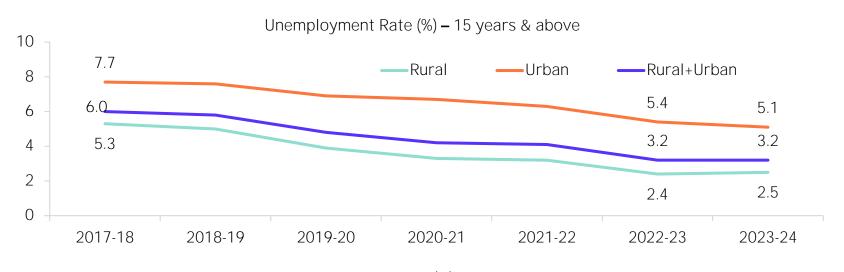


India's unemployment rate remains steady at 3.2% in 2023-24

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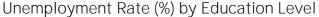
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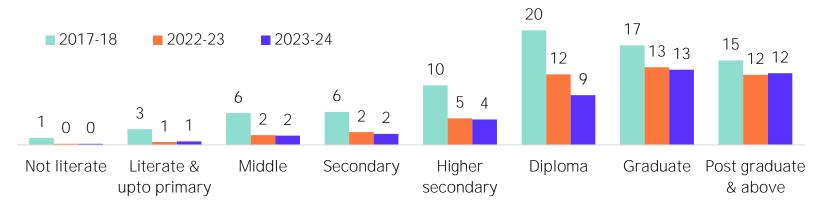
The unemployment rate among diploma holders witnesses the steepest decline



India's unemployment rate remained steady at 3.2% in 2023-24, with divergent trends observed between rural and urban areas

The rural unemployment rate increased to 2.5% from 2.4% in the previous year, while the urban unemployment rate decreased to 5.1% from 5.4% in the previous year





A significant improvement was witnessed in the unemployment rate among certificate course/diploma holders in 2023-24

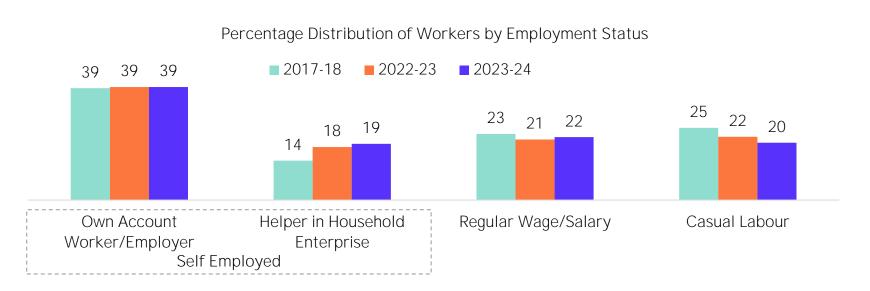
Unemployment tends to remain high among the more educated

Note: 2023-24 refers to the period July 2023 – June 2024, and likewise for 2022-23, 2021-22, etc. All data pertains to usual status (ps+ss) for persons of age 15 years and above

Workforce distribution has shifted from casual labor to self-employment

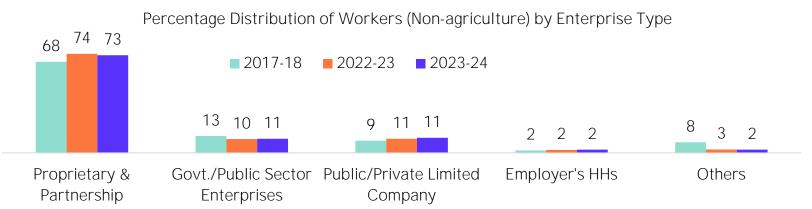
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The increase in self-employment has been driven by a rise in helpers in household enterprises



The quality of employment has not improved, as the share of employers and salaried workers has remained steady since 2017-18

The share of employment has shifted from casual labour to helpers in household enterprises, both of which are characterised by low-productivity work



In the Periodic Labour Force Survey, proprietary and partnership enterprises are considered as informal sector enterprises

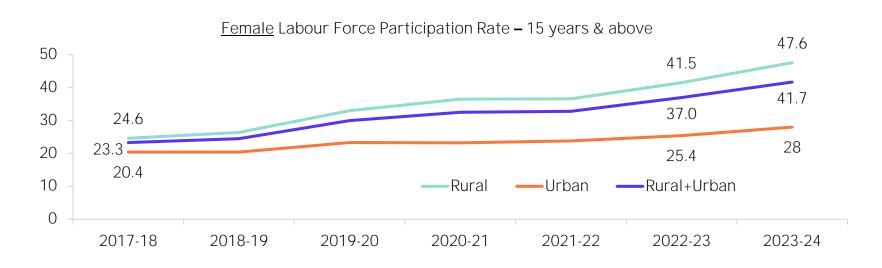
By this criterion, the share of the informal sector in employment has increased from 68% in 2017-18 to 73% in 2023-24, which contrasts with the general expectation of a decline in the informal sector

Source: PLFS, 360 ONE Asset Research

Female labour force participation continues to improve

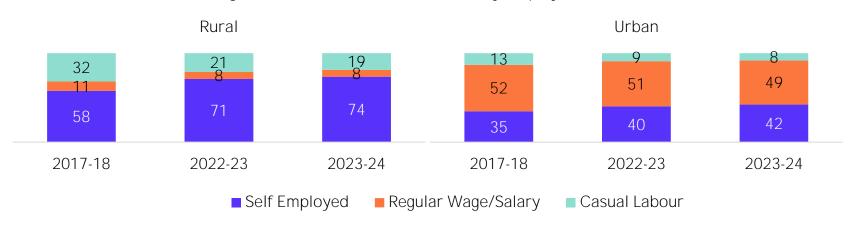


The share of self-employment among the female workforce has increased across both rural and urban regions



The rural sector primarily drives the rise in female labour force participation, although urban regions also experience a relatively modest improvement

Percentage Distribution of <u>Female</u> Workers by Employment Status



The female workforce has predominantly shifted from casual work to self-employment

However, the quality of employment has decreased due to the decline in better-paying salaried jobs

Source: PLFS, 360 ONE Asset Research

Share of agriculture in total employment has increased since 2017-18

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Women have shifted to agriculture, whereas men have moved from agriculture to construction, trade, and hospitality

	Male			Female			Persons			
Percentage Distribution	2017-18	2023-24	Δ	2017-18	2023-24	Δ	2017-18	2023-24	Δ	The share of agriculture in total
Agriculture	40.2	36.3	-3.9	57.0	64.4	7.4	44.1	46.1	2.0	 employment has increased as more women have participated in agricultural activities, even though men have moved out of agriculture
Mining & Quarrying	0.5	0.3	-0.2	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.4	0.2	-0.2	
Manufacturing	12.0	11.4	-0.6	12.5	11.6	-0.9	12.1	11.4	-0.7	
Electricity, Water, etc.	0.7	0.7	-	0.2	0.2	-	0.6	0.5	-0.1	
Construction	13.7	16.4	2.7	5.0	3.7	-1.3	11.7	12.0	0.3	Men have primarily shifted to construction, followed by trade, hotels, and transport
Trade, Hotel & Restaurant	13.7	15.5	1.8	6.3	6.1	-0.2	12.0	12.2	0.2	
Transport, Storage & Comm.	7.4	8.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	-	5.9	5.6	-0.3	
Other Services	11.7	11.3	-0.4	17.8	13.0	-4.8	13.2	11.9	-1.3	
Total	100	100	-	100	100	-	100	100		

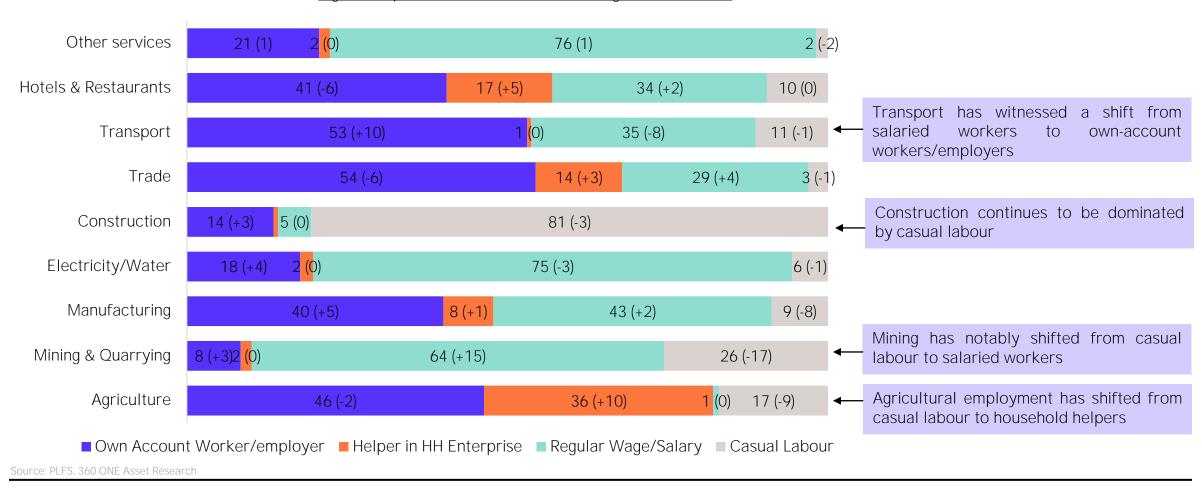
Source: PLFS, 360 ONE Asset Research

Casual labour employment has declined across sectors

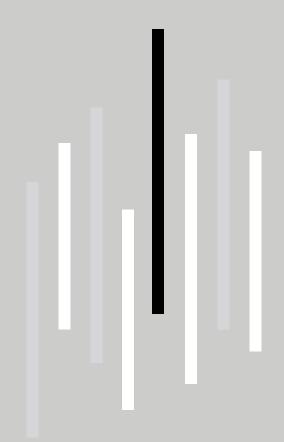


Agricultural employment has shifted towards household helpers, while mining has transitioned to salaried workers

Distribution of Workforce By Employment Status 2023-24 Figures in parentheses indicate the change from 2017-18



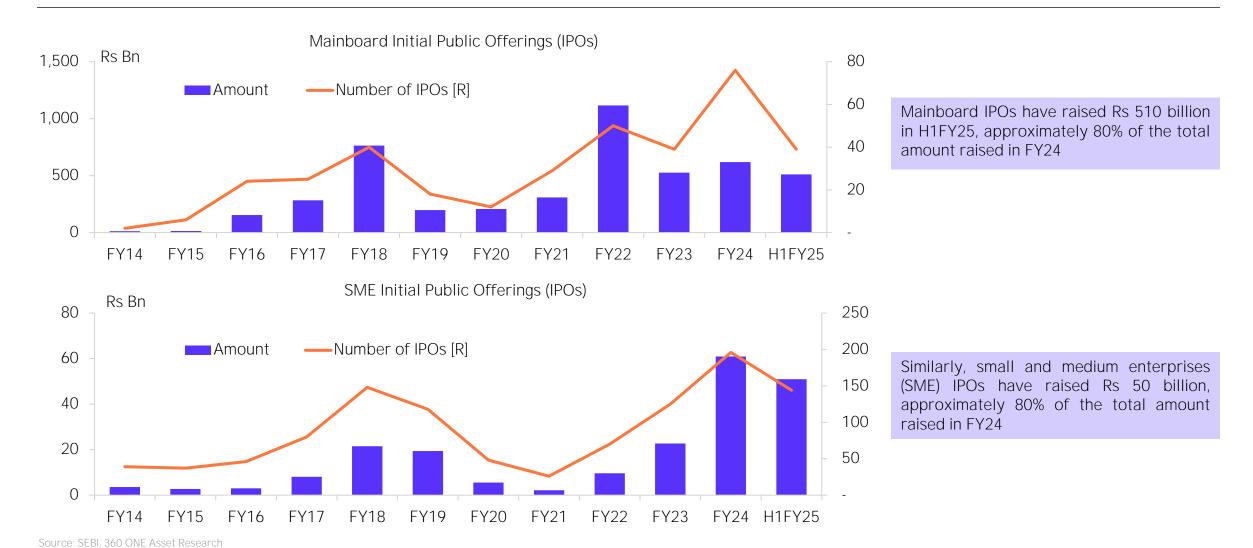
Primary Markets, Valuations & More



India witnesses surge in IPOs as markets offer rich valuations



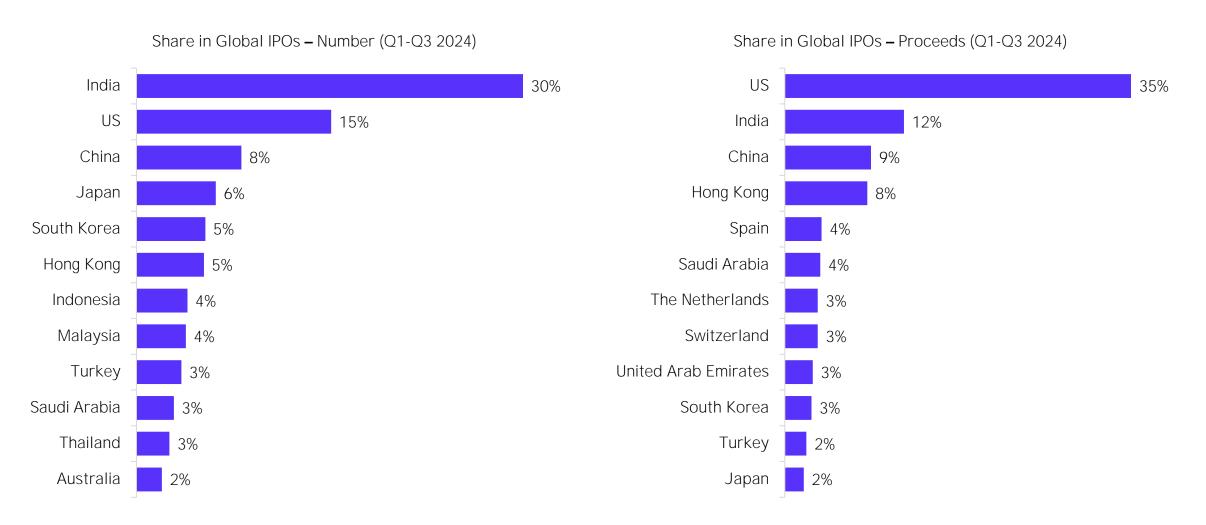
SME IPOs raised a record amount of capital in FY24 and have garnered approximately 80% of that total in H1FY25



India recorded the highest number of IPOs globally during Jan-Sep'24

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India ranked second in the world for funds raised through IPOs

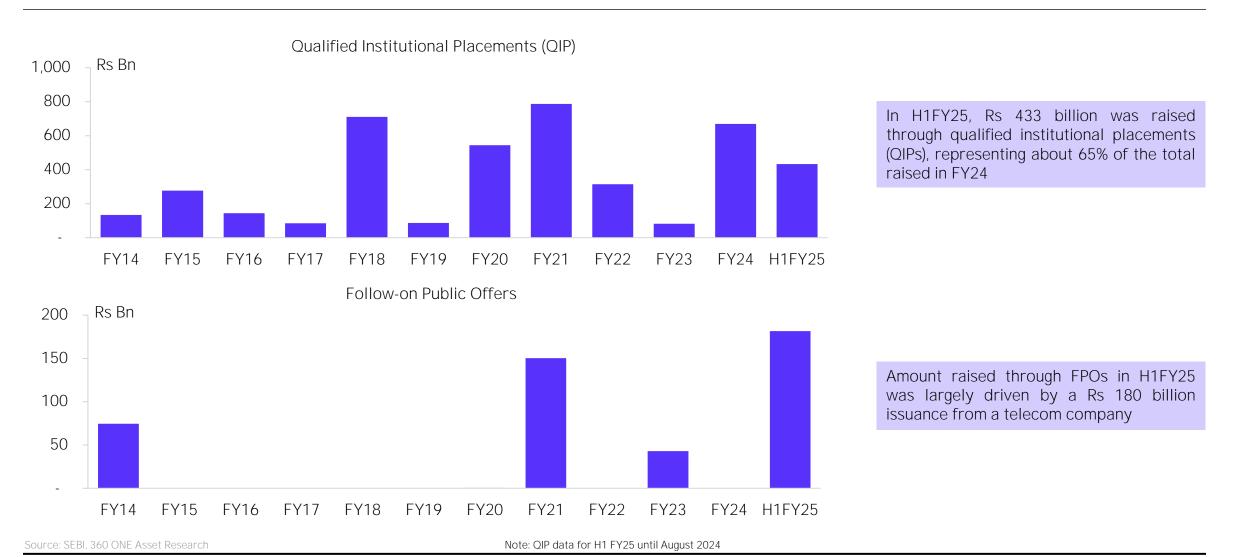


Source: EY Global IPO Trends Q3 2024, 360 ONE Asset Research

Qualified Institutional Placements (QIP) also witness a surge in H1FY25

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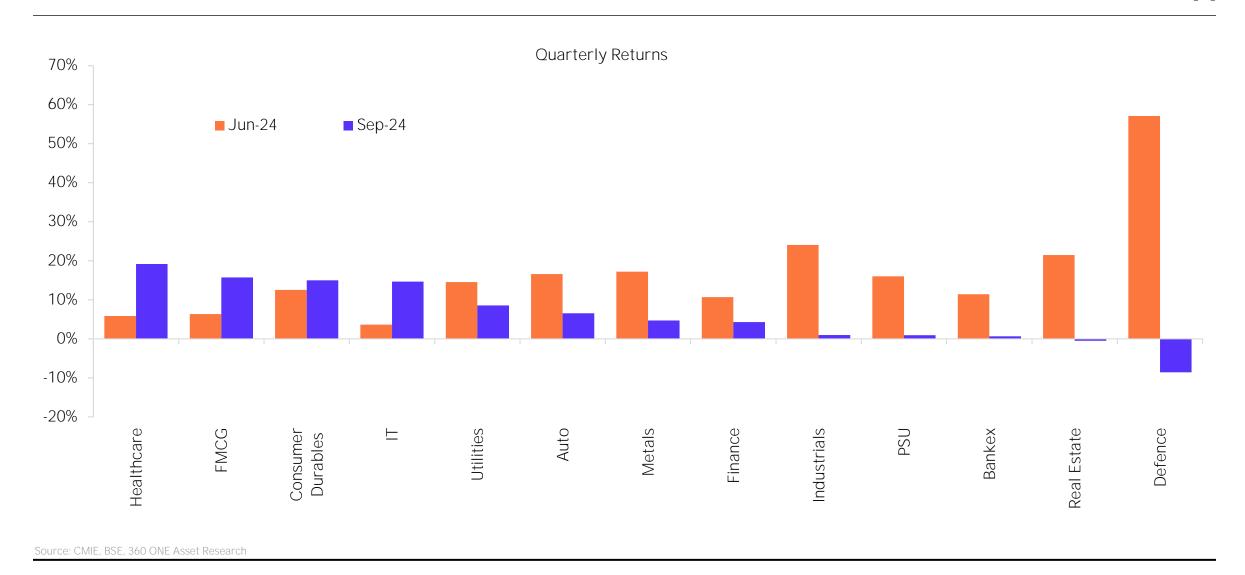
Amount raised through Follow-on Public Offers (FPOs) in H1FY25 driven by a large issuance from a telecom company



Markets have turned decisively defensive in the September quarter

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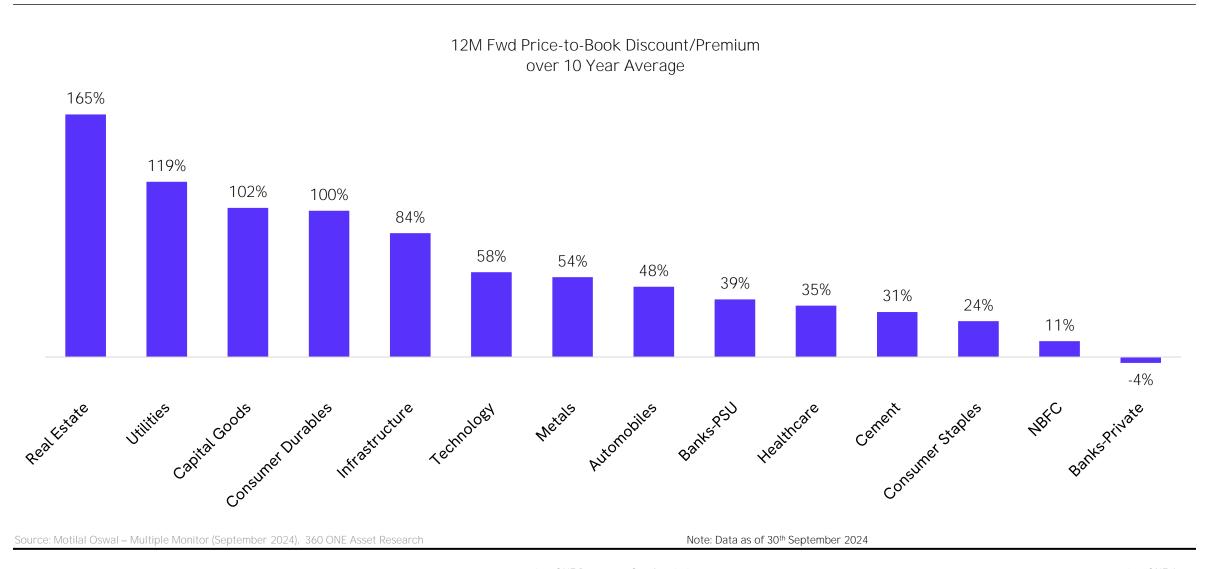
Defensive sectors like healthcare, IT, and FMCG have outperformed cyclical sectors such as defence, real estate, and industrials



Rich valuations have driven the markets towards defensive positions



Defensive stocks are less exposed to domestic cyclicality and are available at comparatively better valuations

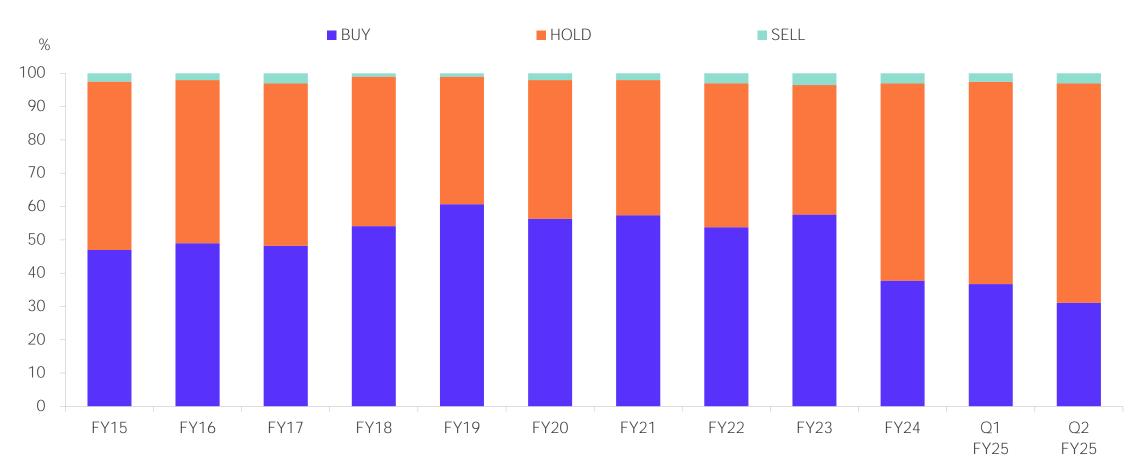


Analysts have reduced 'buy' calls on account of premium valuations



The number of stocks in the NIFTY 200 index with a consensus 'buy' rating is the lowest in at least a decade

Consensus Rating for Stocks in Nifty 200 Index

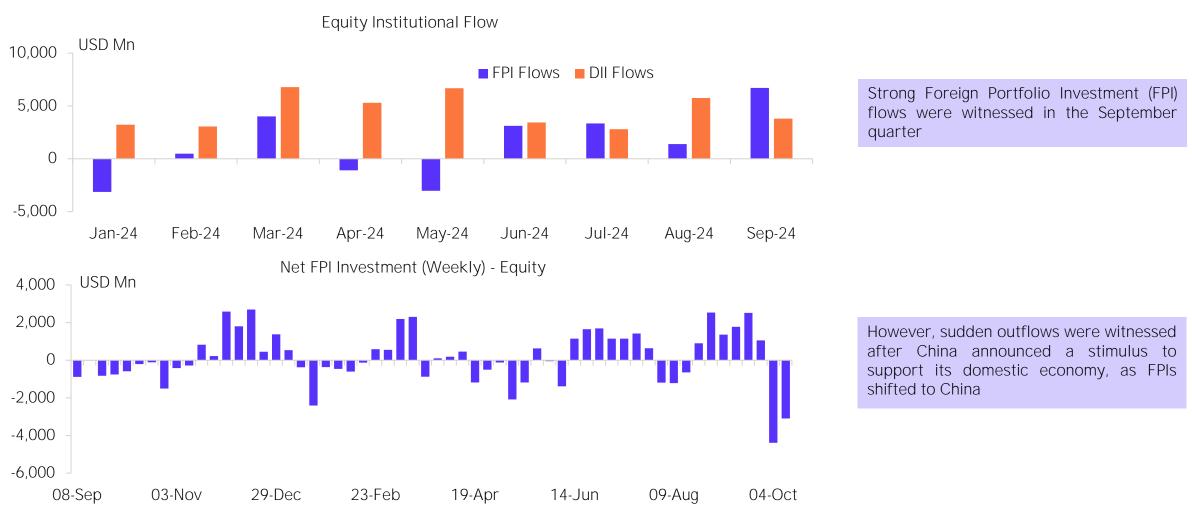


Source: Bloomberg, Yes Securities, 360 ONE Asset Research

India witnesses heavy FPI outflows following China's stimulus measures

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Domestic Institutional Investors (DIIs) continue to support the market as FPI flows stay volatile

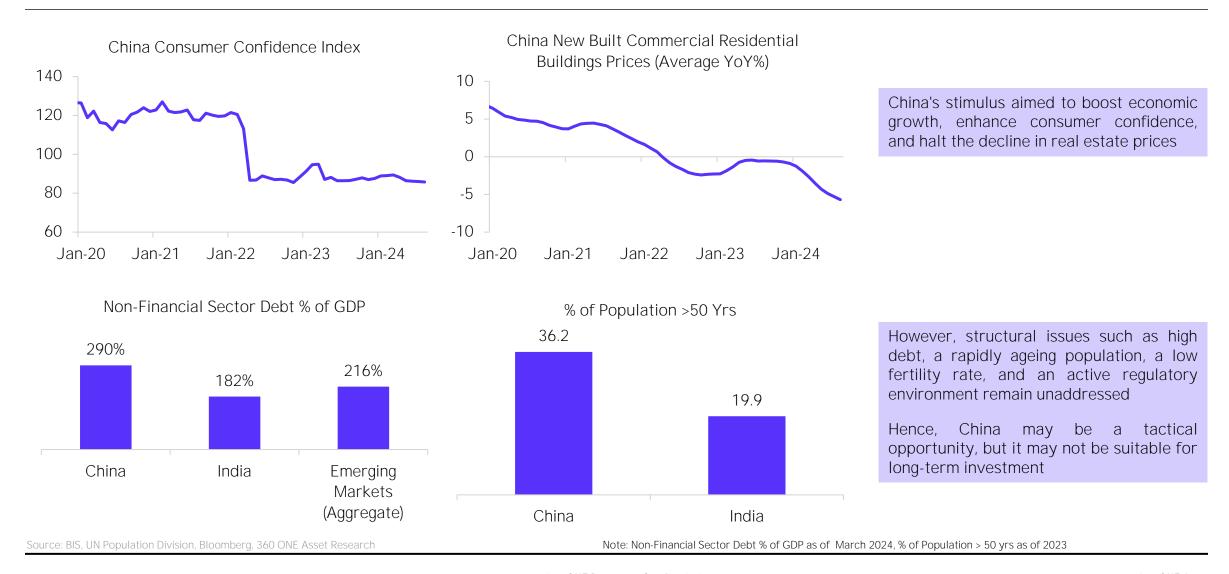


Source: Kotak Institutional Equities, CMIE, 360 ONE Asset Research

China's stimulus aimed at reviving the animal spirits of the economy



China may be a tactical opportunity, but it is not suitable for long-term investment, as structural issues remain



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