asset



Danciama July 2024

Key Insights:





India's financial sector remains resilient and records further improvement in asset quality

- The banking system's GNPA ratio hit a 12-year low in Mar'24, with broad-based improvement across sectors
- The share of low-rated borrowers in new consumer credit has declined in FY24
- Public sector banks have significantly improved the asset quality of their consumer credit book
- Delinquency has increased in personal loans, particularly among borrowers with loans below Rs 50,000
- The share of unsecured loans in the total NBFC loan book declined post RBI's November 2023 circular



Recovery in monsoon in July should boost kharif sowing and reservoir levels

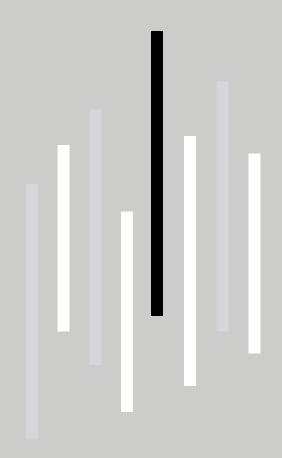
- Monsoon recovers to 1% above the long-period average (LPA), as of 24th July, from 20% below LPA in mid-June
- The reservoir storage levels, however, remain lower than the normal storage levels across most regions
- Kharif sowing has been off to a slow start but should improve as the monsoon progresses
- Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) ensure a minimum return of 50% over the cost of production for all kharif crops
- A good kharif crop production should help ease food inflation by the end of the calendar year



Rural sector showing signs of recovery, set to receive a further boost from normal monsoon

- Rural wage growth, in both nominal and real terms, has improved over the past two years
- The demand for work under the Employment Guarantee Act has reduced significantly in 2024
- Two-wheeler sales have recovered in 2024, while tractor sales have recovered in the June 2024 quarter
- A favourable monsoon is likely to further aid the recovery in the rural sector

Financial Stability



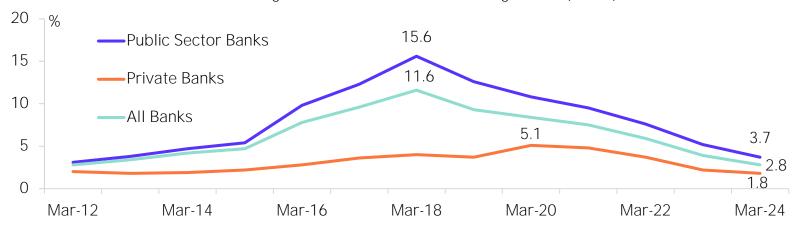
3 360 ONE Panorama July 2024 360 ONE Asset

Banking system's GNPA ratio fell to a 12-year low in March 2024

360 Z

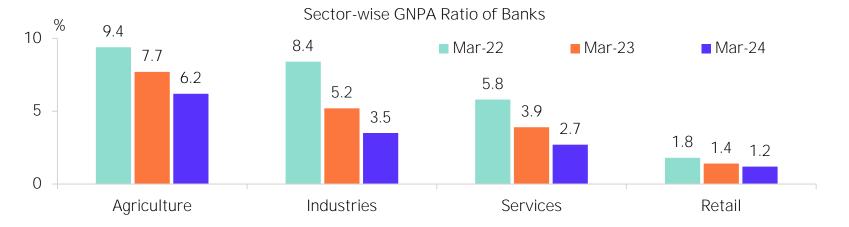
Sustained improvement in asset quality was witnessed across sectors; GNPA ratio in agriculture remained the highest





Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) witnessed a sustained improvement in asset quality, with the system-wide GNPA ratio dropping to a 12-year low of 2.8%

Both public and private sector banks witnessed improvements in asset quality



The improvement in SCBs' asset quality was broad-based across sectors

However, the GNPA ratio in agriculture remained the highest at 6.2% in March 2024

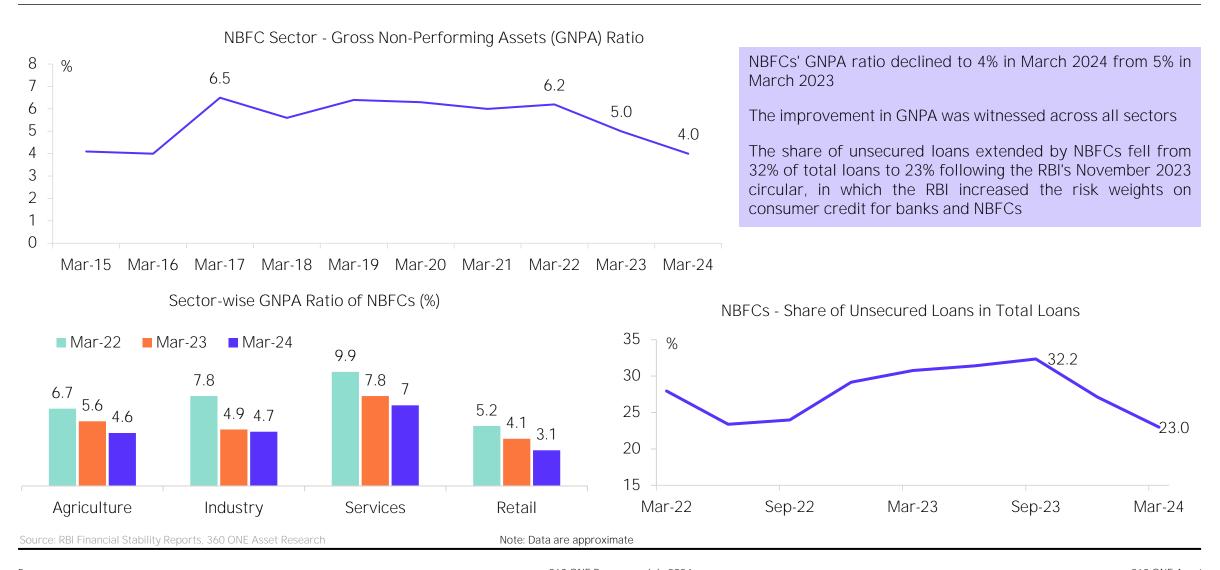
Source: RBI Financial Stability Reports, 360 ONE Asset Research

Note: Data are approximate, GNPA ratio = Total gross non-performing assets divided by total advances

NBFCs also witnessed improvement in the asset quality across sectors

360 Z

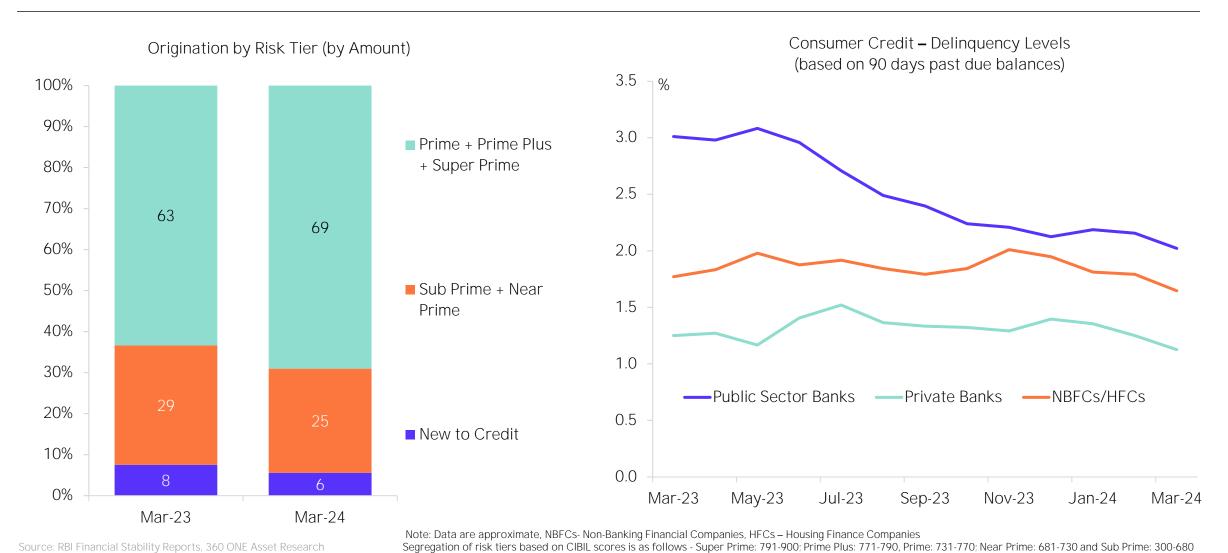
Share of unsecured loans extended by the NBFCs dropped from 32% to 23% following the RBI Nov'23 circular



Share of low-rated borrowers in new consumer credit declined in FY24



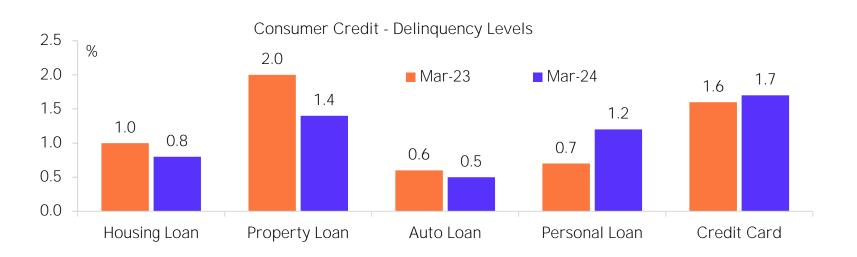
Public sector banks have significantly reduced delinquency levels in consumer credit over the past year



Delinquency has increased in the personal loans category

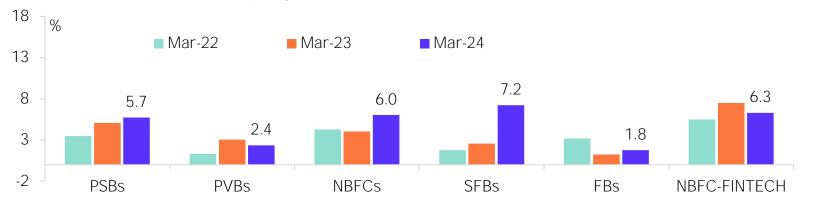


The delinquency levels among borrowers with personal loans below Rs 50,000 remain high



Delinquency levels have increased in the personal loans category, whereas they have dropped for housing, property, and auto loans

Delinquency Levels - Personal Loans (Below Rs 50,000)

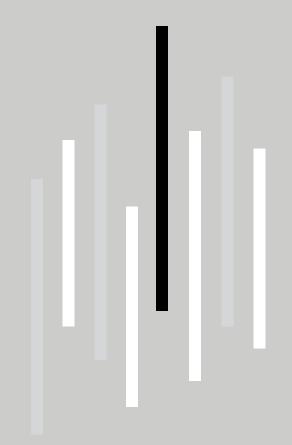


Delinquency levels among borrowers with personal loans below Rs 50,000 remain high, particularly for fintech lenders and small finance banks

Source: RBI Financial Stability Reports, 360 ONE Asset Research

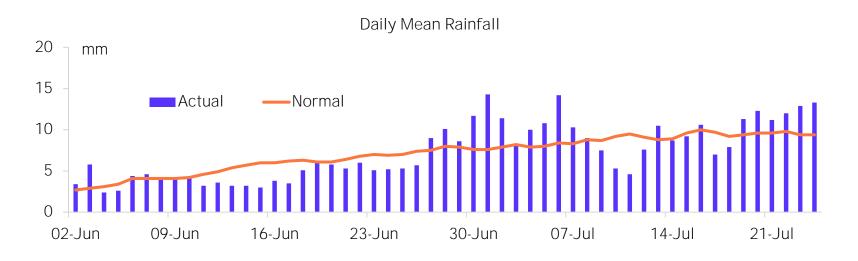
Note: Delinquency based on 90 days past due balances, Data are approximate

Monsoon, Food Inflation, Rural sector



Above-normal rainfall in early July helps in the recovery of the monsoon 360

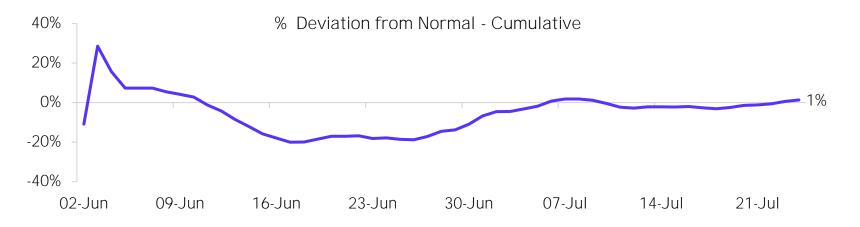
Monsoon recovers to 1% above the long-period average (LPA), as of 24th July, from a low of 20% below LPA in mid-June



Below-normal rainfall in June 2024 kept the monsoon in a steep deficit

asset

However, above-normal rainfall in early July led to a recovery in the monsoon



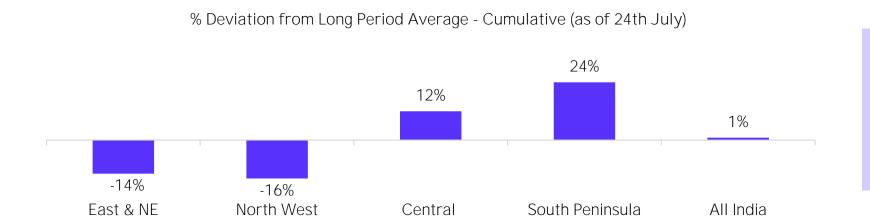
The monsoon recovered to +1% of the long-period average (LPA), as of 24th July, from a low of 20% below the LPA in mid-June

The India Meteorological Department (IMD) has forecasted an 'above normal' monsoon at 106% of the long-period average in 2024

Monsoon distribution is uneven, with a heavy surplus in the South

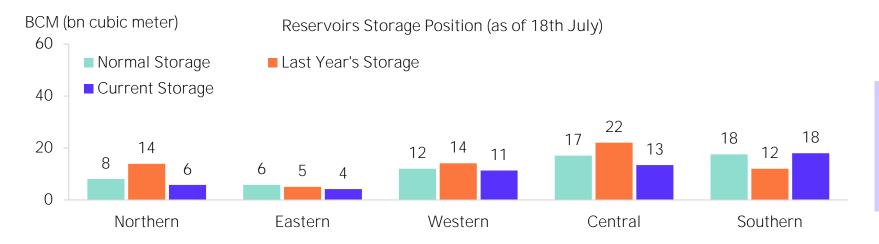


The reservoir storage levels remain lower than the normal storage levels across most regions



As of 24th July, rainfall in the North-west region and the 'East & North-east' region is 16% and 14% below the long-period average (LPA), respectively

Rainfall in the Central region is 12% above the LPA, while the South Peninsula has a heavy surplus at 24% above the LPA



The reservoir storage levels are currently lower than last year and below normal in most regions, except in the South

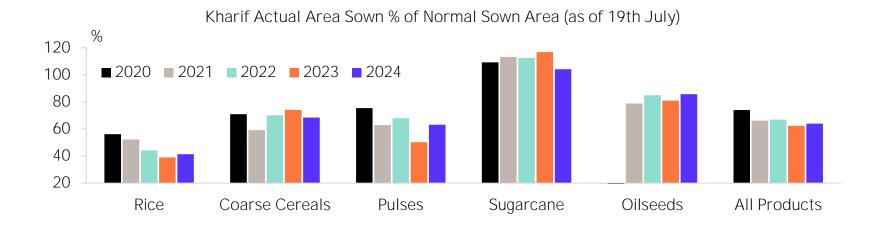
However, reservoir levels are expected to improve as the monsoon progresses

Source: IMD, CWC, 360 ONE Asset Research

Kharif sowing has been off to a slow start, remains below 2021/22 levels 36Q

Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) ensured a minimum return of 50% over the cost of production for all kharif crops

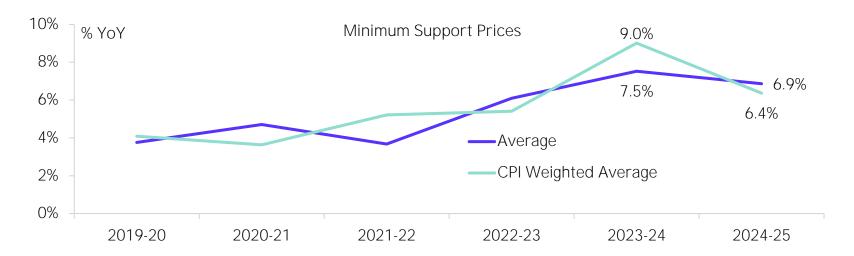




As of July 19th, kharif sowing has surpassed last year's levels

However, it has progressed more slowly than in 2021 and 2022, and is significantly behind the pace seen in 2020

Kharif sowing should improve as the monsoon progresses



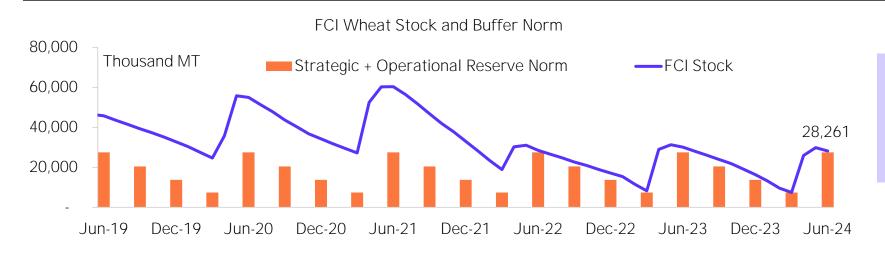
The government has offered a decent hike in minimum support prices for the marketing season 2024-2025, although it is slightly lower than last year

The government has maintained a minimum 50% return over the cost of production for all crops

FCI wheat stock is close to the norms, while the rice stock is in excess

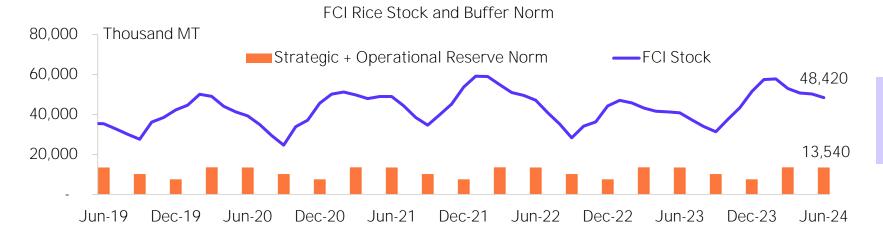
360 Z

Government has sufficient rice stock to intervene in the market and cap prices, while wheat stock is comparatively limited



Wheat stocks with FCI are closer to the required buffer norms

This constrains the **government's** ability to aggressively intervene in the market to control price increases

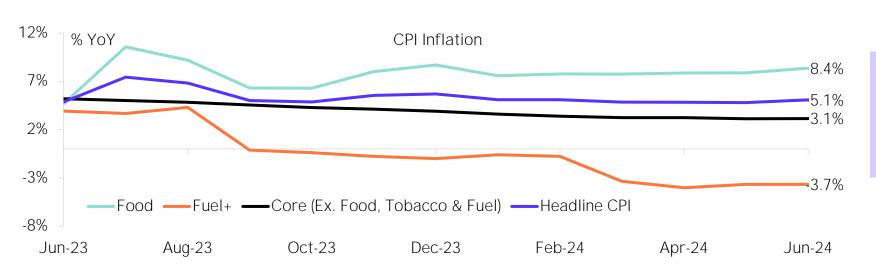


The FCI rice stock is ~3.5 times the required norms, sufficient to intervene in the market through open market sales to cap price increases

Headline inflation is driven by food, while core inflation remains muted

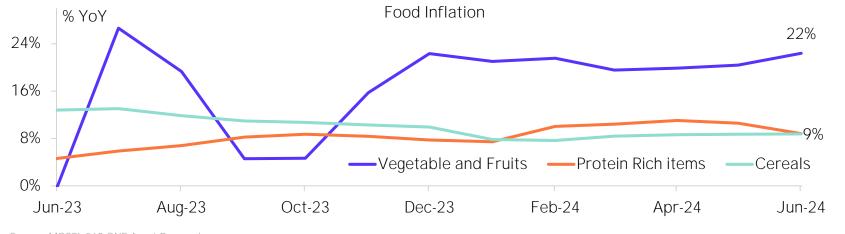
360 Z

Food inflation is expected to ease towards the end of the year as Kharif produce arrives in the market



Headline inflation is being driven by elevated food inflation

Core inflation, which excludes food and fuel, remains benign and close to the series low



Vegetables are the primary drivers of food inflation

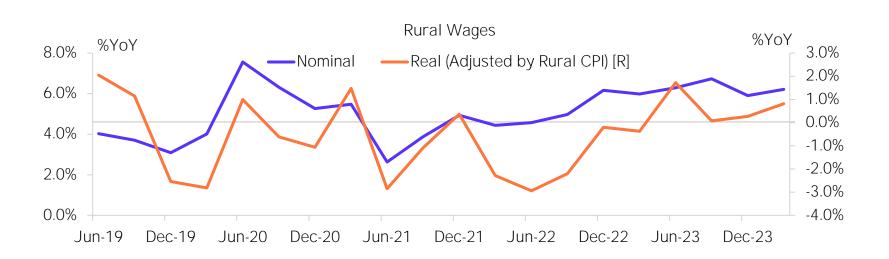
Protein (pulses, meat, fish, and eggs) and cereal inflation also remain high

A good Kharif crop production should help ease food inflation as fresh produce arrives in the market by the end of the year

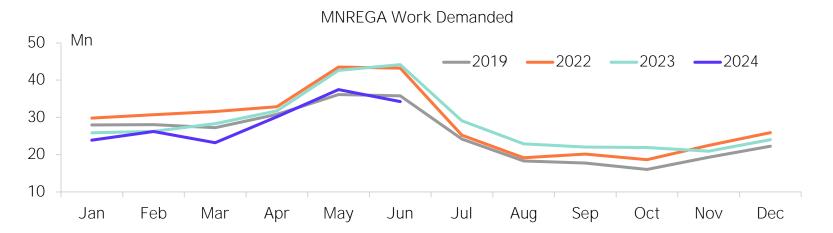
Rural sector showing clear signs of economic recovery



Rural wages, both nominal and real, are improving, while the demand for work under MNREGA has reduced



Rural wage growth, in both nominal and real terms, has improved over the past two years

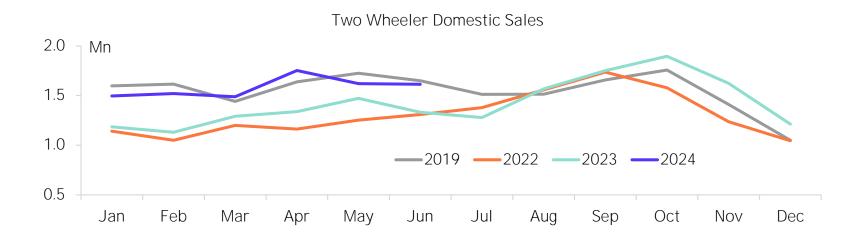


The demand for work under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MNREGA) has reduced to the levels last witnessed in 2019

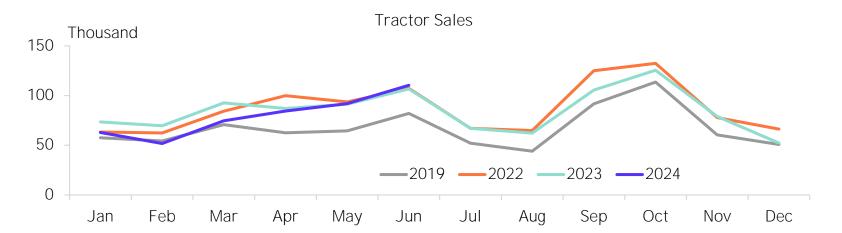
Two-wheeler sales have significantly recovered from 2022/23 levels



Tractor sales have also picked up in the June quarter after remaining subdued in the March 2024 quarter



In 2024, two-wheeler sales have markedly rebounded to pre-COVID (2019) levels, following the downturns experienced in 2022 and 2023



Tractor sales have experienced a sharp recovery in the June quarter, following muted sales in the March 2024 quarter

Overall, a favorable monsoon is expected to further support the recovery in the rural sector and reduce food inflation, which, in turn, will create room for policy easing by the RBI

Disclaimer

This document constitutes confidential and proprietary material and may not be reproduced or further distributed in part or full to any other person without the written permission of 360 ONE AMC. This document is the property of 360 ONE AMC and must be returned to 360 ONE AMC or its affiliates upon request. This document is provided for assistance only and is not intended to be used for taking investment decisions or otherwise. This document is not investment, legal, tax, or accounting advice. The recipients should also inform themselves, and should take appropriate advice, on the legal requirements and shall not rely on this document for any subscription, purchase, holding, exchange, redemption or disposal of any investments. The opinions expressed herein are the personal opinions of the author. Past Performance is not an indicator/guarantee of future returns. Investment in securities are subject to market risk. Whilst every care has been taken in preparing this document, 360 ONE AMC and its affiliates and agents to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law disclaim any liability or responsibility for any error or omission or inaccuracy or mistake of any nature or any consequences of the use of the material/ information displayed on this document. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, nothing set out above shall exclude liability for any undertaking, representation, warranty or other assurance made fraudulently. The information given in this document is not exhaustive and is subject to change without notice.



asset 360 Z